CITY OF GUSTAVUS ORDINANCE FY20-14

AN ORDINANCE FOR THE CITY OF GUSTAVUS PROVIDING FOR THE AMENDMENT OF CITY ORDINANCE TITLE 4 REVENUE AND FINANCE CHAPTER 4.14 – ROOM TAX, SECTIONS 4.14.020, 4.14.050, 4.14.070, 4.14.090, 4.14.100, 4.14.110, 4.14.120, 4.14.130, 4.14.150, 4.14.160 and CHAPTER 4.15 – SALES TAX, SECTIONS 5.15.020, 4.15.040, 4.15.050, 4.15.070, 4.15.090, 4.15.100, 4.15.110, 4.15.120, 4.15.130, 4.15.140, 4.15.140, 4.15.150, 4.15.160, 4.15.180, 4.15.230

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GUSTAVUS CITY COUNCIL AS FOLLOWS:

- Section 1. Classification. This ordinance is of general and permanent nature and shall become a part of the City of Gustavus Municipal Code.
- Section 2. Severability. If any provisions of this ordinance or any application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of this ordinance and its application to other persons, or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.
- Section 3. Enactment. Now therefore, it is enacted by the Gustavus City Council that TITLE 4 REVENUE AND FINANCE CHAPTER 4.14 ROOM TAX, SECTIONS 4.14.020, 4.14.050, 4.14.070, 4.14.090, 4.14.100, 4.14.110, 4.14.120, 4.14.130, 4.14.150, 4.14.160 and CHAPTER 4.15 SALES TAX, SECTIONS 5.15.020, 4.15.040, 4.15.050, 4.15.070, 4.15.090, 4.15.100, 4.15.110, 4.15.120, 4.15.130, 4.15.140, 4.15.140, 4.15.150, 4.15.160, 4.15.180, 4.15.230 be amended as attached:

<u>Bold and Underlined</u> items are additions. Strikeout items are deletions.

Section 4. Effective Date. This ordinance becomes effective upon its adoption by the Gustavus City Council.

Chapter 4.14 - ROOM TAX

Section 4.14.010 - Purpose and intent.

It is the purpose of the tax levied under this chapter to raise revenues. To that end, the scope of the tax levied shall be broadly interpreted and exceptions shall be allowed only when the rental clearly falls within an exemption defined in this chapter.

Section 4.14.020 - Definitions.

For the purpose of this chapter, the following words and phrases shall have the meaning respectively ascribed to them by this section:

City: The City of Gustavus, Alaska, or the area within the territorial limits of the City of Gustavus, Alaska.

City council: The Gustavus City Council or the Gustavus City Council's designees.

Guest: An individual, corporation, partnership, or association paying monetary, barter or other consideration for the use of a sleeping room or rooms in a hotel/motel/inn/lodge/bed and breakfast (B&B), and for fewer than thirty (30) consecutive days for the purposes of habitation.

Hotel/motel: A structure, or portions of a structure, occupied, intended, or designed for occupancy by transients for dwelling, lodging, or sleeping purposes and includes any hotel, motel, inn, lodge, bed and breakfast, **cabin**, or similar structure.

Include and including: "By way of illustration only" and shall not be interpreted as a limitation except where expressly so provide.

May: Permissive.

Mayor: The city mayor or his/her authorized designee.

Must and shall: Each is mandatory.

Operator: A person, firm, corporation, or other legal entity that furnishes, offers for rent, or otherwise makes available in the city, rooms in a hotel/motel for monetary, barter, or other consideration, whether acting directly or through an agent or employee.

Person: An individual natural person.

Rent(s): The amount paid or promised, in terms of money, as consideration for the use by a transient of a room or rooms in a hotel, motel, lodge, bed and breakfast, or other place of public accommodation.

State: State of Alaska.

Section 4.14.030 - Imposition of room rental tax.

- (a) There shall be levied and collected a tax equal to four (4) percent on hotel/motel room rentals within the city.
- (b) There shall be no room tax on any sale subject to sales tax in Section 4.15.030.
- (c) Each guest is responsible for the room rental tax imposed by this chapter and the tax shall be due and payable the month the guest departs. The tax shall apply to all rentals where the guest indicated that the room, or rooms, will be occupied by the guest for less than thirty (30) days. Rentals which are less than thirty (30) consecutive days shall be subject to the room tax even if the room or rooms were originally taken with the intent to use or occupy for thirty (30) or more consecutive days. Any unpaid tax shall be due and payable when the guest ceases to occupy or use space in the hotel/motel.
- (d) Every hotel/motel operator renting rooms subject to taxation under this chapter shall collect the taxes imposed by this chapter from the guest at the time of collection and shall transmit the same, monthly, to the <u>city unless the operator is allowed or directed by the city administrator or city treasurer to file for a different time period (i.e. quarterly or annually).</u>

Section 4.14.040 - Exemptions.

The tax levied under this chapter shall not apply to the following:

- (1) Room rentals which the municipality is prohibited from taxing under the Constitution and laws of the United States or the State of Alaska;
- (2) Room rental for transients which continue for thirty (30) or more consecutive days shall not be taxable for the room tax on and after the thirtieth (30th) consecutive day.

Section 4.14.050 - Regulations and procedures.

- (a) A mayor or a city official designated by the council shall administer this ordinance and make recommendations for regulations, policies, fees, and guidelines for the determination of the taxability of transactions. The city council shall adopt policy guidelines, regulation, fees and procedures for the management of this ordinance by resolution and may rule on specific transactions upon request. The written ruling on a specific rental may be relied upon by the parties to the rental unless the essential facts were not provided to the person making the ruling or the ruling is clearly contrary to provisions of the ordinance.
- (b) The burden of proving an exemption shall be on the operator claiming an exemption. Operators claiming an exemption may be required to obtain an exemption certificate. Certificates issued under this ordinance shall expire as determined by guidelines established by the city council.
- (c) The city council, or the eity-elerk city administrator or city treasurer when so authorized by the city council, shall take all steps necessary and appropriate to fulfill the requirements of this ordinance, which includes the authority to compromise and abate penalties and interest, and to negotiate and enter into payment plans for delinquent taxes, penalties and interest.

Section 4.14.060 - Operator to add tax to rent.

Every operator shall add the amount of the tax levied by this chapter to the rent and the tax shall be stated separately on any rental receipts or slips, charge tickets, invoices, statements of account, or other tangible evidence of the rental.

Section 4.14.070 - Monthly returns—Penalties and interest for delinquency.

- (a) Every operator person making rentals within the city shall on or before the last day of the month complete a signed return for the required filing period and deliver or mail the return to the city elerk administrator or city treasurer. The return shall set forth the total amount of all rentals regardless of whether such rentals are taxable or nontaxable, the amount of room tax due and such other information as the city may require. Returns are due by the end of the month following the reporting period. If the last day of the month is a Saturday, Sunday or federal, state or city holiday, the due date will be extended until the next business day, immediately following the end of each filing period.
- (b) Returns shall be filed for each calendar month, unless the operator is allowed or directed by the city elerk administrator or city treasurer to file for a different time period (i.e. quarterly or annually).

- (c) An operator, other than a governmental agency, making only exempt sales may be allowed, upon written request to the city elerk administrator or city treasurer, to file returns for periods which vary from each calendar month and which cover time periods up to one (1) year.
- (d) The tax levied under this ordinance, whether or not collected from the buyer, except for credit transactions covered in subsection (e) of this section, must be remitted by the operator seller to the city at the time of transmitting the return, and if not so remitted or if the return is not timely filed, such tax is delinquent. The postmark shall determine the date of filing mailed returns. In addition, a late payment penalty of five (5) percent per month or any fraction thereof, not to exceed a total accrual of twenty-five (25) percent, shall be added to all returns until such tax, penalty, and interest thereon have been paid. Such penalty shall be assessed and collected in the same manner as the tax is assessed and collected. In addition to these penalties, interest at the rate of fifteen (15) percent per year on the delinquent tax is collected. (accruing monthly at 1.25 percent).
- (e) The operator shall report uncollectible room tax to the city for room tax previously paid by the operator on any rental made on credit to the extent the operator declares such debt to be uncollectible and a bad debt. Such bad debt credit must be claimed on a "filed monthly" room tax report within two (2) years from the date of sale in which the bad debt arose.
- (f) There may be published, from time to time, the names of operators-sellers delinquent in remitting room taxes and the amount thereof, provided that the names of operators sellers who have signed a confession of judgment for the delinquent room taxes, penalties, and interest, and a stipulation to postpone such stipulation as of the date on which the names are submitted to the publisher, will not be published. Information may also be made available to the public in the form of statistical reports and financial statements if the identity of particular operators sellers is not revealed by the reports. The following information shall be made available to the public:
 - 1) The name and address of operators sellers;
 - 2) If an operator a seller is registered to collect room tax in the city;
 - 3) If an operator a seller is current in filing room tax returns and in remitting room tax;
 - 4) The number of returns not filed.
- (g) Information shall be confidential. Except as otherwise provided herein, all returns, reports, and information required to be filed with the city under this ordinance and all information deductible from such filed returns, reports, and information shall be kept confidential and are not subject to public inspection. Except upon court order, such returns, reports, and information shall be made available only to the city elerk administrator, city treasurer, or mayor and employees of the city whose job responsibilities are directly related to such returns, reports and information or the person authorized in writing by the person supplying such returns, reports and information.

Section 4.14.080 - Operator's compensatory collection discount.

All operators and persons rendering room tax returns to the city shall be allowed to compensate themselves for costs incurred in collection, record keeping, remittance, and accounting for the tax imposed by taking two (2) percent of the tax due as a tax collection discount to reduce the tax to be remitted on any timely filed and fully paid return. The deduction may not exceed one hundred dollars (\$100.00) for any reporting period and may not be taken if any room tax, penalty, or interest is due for any previous reporting period.

Section 4.14.090 - Assessment limitation periods—Record keeping.

- (a) The amount of any tax imposed under this ordinance may be determined and assessed for a period of three (3) years after the date the return was filed with the city. No suit for the collection of such tax may be commenced after the expiration of the three-year period except for taxes, penalty, and interest due for such months as are the subject of a written demand or assessment made under Section 4.14.070 of this chapter within such three-year period, unless the operator waives the protection of this section.
- (b) In order to facilitate the administration and enforcement of the provisions of this ordinance, each operator within the city shall maintain and keep for a period of three (3) years all of the monthly sales <u>room</u> tax reports, forms, supporting records, and other records prescribed by the city. The failure to maintain adequate records to allow documentation of the taxability of each transaction will result in the loss of any tax exemption, deduction, or credit for that particular transaction. Upon the request of the city <u>elerk-administrator or city treasurer</u>, an operator shall make available for examination in the city hall the books, records, and other documentation of the operator unless said official authorizes examination to be conducted at a different location.

Section 4.14.100 - Delinquency—Failure to submit return or to remit taxes—Assessments.

(a) Whenever the elerk city administrator or city treasurer reasonably believes a return contains inaccurate reporting or whenever any operator has become delinquent in the submission of the required monthly return or in remitting room taxes, there shall be mailed to the delinquent operator's last known address a written demand by certified mail, return receipt requesting the submission of the corrected or required room tax return and remittance within ten (10) days. In the event of non-compliance with such demand, the city elerk administrator may make a room tax assessment against the taxable revenue received by the operator during the monthly period in question. A copy of the assessment shall be sent to the operator at his last known address by certified mail, return receipt, at which time the operator shall make available for examination the books, papers, records, and other requested documents at the city hall unless the city elerk administrator or city treasurer authorizes the examination to be conducted at a different location. The operator shall have a right to a hearing before the city elerk-administrator with documents pertaining to the revenue of the period involved in the assessment. The operator may exercise his right to a hearing by delivering to the city clerk, within fifteen (15) days of the date the notice was mailed, a written request for a hearing. The city elerk-administrator or city treasurer shall establish a date and time for a hearing to be held within ten (10) days of receipt of the request, unless a later time

is mutually agreeable. The person conducting the hearing shall issue an amended assessment if it is determined an amendment should be made. The amended assessment, or the original assessment, if no amendment is made within five (5) days of the hearing, shall be the final assessment for the purpose of determining the operator's liability to the city. If no timely request for a hearing is made, the original assessment shall be the final assessment thirty (30) days after the mailing of the notice of the original assessment unless the operator has submitted an accurate return within the thirty (30) days.

- (b) The city may file a civil action for collection of any taxes, penalty, or interest due before or after making a demand or assessment under subsection (a) of this section.
- (a) A guest who protests the payment of the tax levied under this ordinance shall pay the tax and shall provide the operator and the city elerk administrator or city treasurer with a written statement of protest within five (5) working days of the sale that identifies the sale rental or service that is the subject of the tax protested, the amount of tax paid, the guest's and operator's name, mailing address, telephone number, and the basis for the protest.
- (b) If the operator protests his liability on an assessment under Section 4.14.100, which has become final, he/she shall pay the tax under written protest setting forth the basis for the protest. No action for a refund may be maintained nor may a defense to non-payment be maintained in a civil action unless the amount in dispute has been paid by the operator under written protest filed at or before the time of payment.

Section 4.14.120 - Appeals.

Section 4.14.110 - Protest of tax.

- (a) Informal appeal. For controversies involving room taxes, penalties, and interest not exceeding five hundred dollars (\$500.00), or involving procedures implemented by the city elerk administrator or city treasurer, an appeal by a financially aggrieved buyer or seller shall be directed to the mayor. The mayor shall advise the appellant of a date certain for a hearing and shall informally review the appeal claim, make written findings, and state reasons for the decision. The decisions shall be maintained and indexed by the city clerk for review by the public.
 - b) Board of appeals:
 - 1) In order to provide an appeal mechanism for controversies involving room taxes, penalties, and interest exceeding five hundred dollars (\$500.00), and in order to hear appeals from decisions of the mayor as provided under subsection (b)(1) of this section, there is established a board of appeals which shall consist of the city council.
 - 2) The city council shall adopt policy and procedure for the board of appeals provided for in subsection (b)(1) of this section. Such rules may not be inconsistent with this ordinance.

The city council, or the city elerk <u>administrator or city treasurer</u> when so authorized by the city council, may forgive the payment of uncollected room taxes, interest, and penalty thereon and penalties for failure to file.

Section 4.14.140 - Criminal liability Civil liability.

All operators sellers violating any of the provisions of this ordinance or failing or refusing to comply with a lawful request or demand of a city official authorized by or made under this ordinance is guilty of a class A misdemeanor will be subject to the penalty stated in the City of Gustavus ordinances.

Section 4.14.150 - Registration.

All operators shall register with the city elerk administrator or city treasurer before making rentals within the city.

Section 4.14.160 - Deposit by non-residents Reserved.

- (a) An operator about to make rentals shall first register with the city clerk, upon evidence of an Alaska Business License held by said operator. Operator shall make the deposit required by this section unless the person-has been a resident of the city for six (6) months prior to registering or the operator's corporation or association is composed of such residents or has been regularly engaged in business within the city for nine (9) months of the twelve (12) months preceding registration.
- (b) The deposit required under subsection (a) will be two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00).
- (e) The deposit must be refunded upon written request and a determination by the city clerk that:
- (1) The operator has filed room tax returns and made full remittance of room taxes owing for the first calendar year of business in the city;
- (2) That the operator has filed a statement that he/she has ceased engaging in transactions within the city and has remitted all room taxes due; and
- (3)—The deposit must be refunded within thirty (30) days of the receipt of the request unless the city official administering this ordinance has initiated an audit of the operator or has otherwise questioned a return made during the period under consideration.
- (d) The city-clerk may order the withdrawal from the deposit of the operator the amount determined to make up for any deficiency or late payment of taxes. No operator may engage in transactions within the city fifteen (15) days from the date of written notice sent to the operator's last known address by certified mail, return request, notifying said operator that the city clerk has withdrawn all or a portion of the operator's deposit for application to a delinquent or insufficient payment of room taxes. Upon deposit with the city of funds restoring the deposit to its original amount or such higher amount as the city clerk determines is appropriate in light of the actual rental experience of the operator, the operator may again engage in transactions. An operator may not deduct the deposit from any of his/her room tax returns.

Section 4.14.170 - Reserved.

Section 4.14.180 - Sale of business—Final tax return—Liability of purchaser.

- (a) If any operator sells, assigns, transfers, conveys, leases, forfeits, or abandons the business to another person, the operator shall make a final room tax return within fifteen (15) days after the date of selling, assigning, transferring, conveying, leasing, forfeiting, or abandoning the business showing that all tax obligations imposed by this ordinance have been paid. The purchaser, successor, transferee, lessee, assignee, creditor, or secured party shall withhold a sufficient portion of the purchase money to pay the amount of such room taxes, penalties, and interest as may be due and unpaid to the city. If the purchaser, assignee, transferee, lessee, successor, creditor or secured party fails to withhold from the purchase money, or fails to otherwise provide for or make the payment of the taxes, interest, and penalty owed by the business as provided in this ordinance, the purchaser, assignee, transferee, lessee, successor, creditor, or secured party shall be personally liable for the payment of the taxes, penalties, and interest accruing and unpaid to the city on account of operation of business of any former owner, owners, operators, or assigns.
- (b) Before the sale, lease, assignment, transfer, or other disposition of the business is completed, the operator shall file with the city clerk an informational notice identifying the name and address of each person or entity involved in the transaction, the nature of the transaction, and the effective date of the transactions.

Section 4.14.190 - Suits for collection.

Taxes due but not paid or taxes collected but not transmitted may be recovered in an action at law against the guest or the operator. Tax returns shall be prima facie proof of taxes collected but not transmitted.

Section 4.14.200 - Lien for tax, interest, and penalty.

- (a) The tax, interest, penalty imposed under this ordinance in addition to the lien filing fee under subsection (b) of this section shall constitute a lien in favor of the city upon the assets, including all real and personal property, of every person making taxable rentals within the city. The lien arises upon delinquency and continues until liability for the amount is satisfied or the property of the delinquent person is sold at foreclosure sales. The lien is not valid as against a prior mortgagee, pledger, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice of the lien is filed in the office of the recorder for the Juneau recording district in the manner provided for federal tax liens in AS 43.10.090 through 43.10.150.
- (b) Fees for filing and releasing of liens shall be:
 - (1) Filing of liens, twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) plus recorder's office filing fee;
 - (2) Release of liens, twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) plus recorder's office filing fee; and
 - (3) The above rates may be changed in guidelines adopted by the city council by resolution from time to time to reflect the costs of providing municipal services generally.

Section 4.14.210 - Collected taxes.

Taxes collected under this ordinance by an operator shall belong to the City of Gustavus and shall be held by the operator in trust for the City of Gustavus until paid over as provided in this ordinance.

Section 4.14.220 - Use of proceeds.

- (a) Proceeds of room tax shall be used for the general expenses of the city which may include the expense of any municipal service.
- (b) In accordance with the petition for incorporation, fifty (50) percent of the collected four (4) percent room tax may be made available to the visitor industry represented by the Gustavus Visitors' Association for tourism enhancement, upon submission and approval of a yearly marketing plan developed and submitted by the Gustavus Visitors' Association by February 1 of each year.
- (c) The room tax revenue available to Gustavus Visitor's Association (GVA) in accordance with subsection 4.14.220(b) will be calculated on a fiscal year, July 1 through June 30, and transferred to the GVA no later than July 31.

(Published March 9, 2020; Adopted, 2020)	
(Ord. No. <u>FY18-11</u> , § 3, 3-12-2018)	
This room tax ordinance shall become effective, 2020 Reservations booked after, 2020, shall be taxed.	•
Chapter 4.15 - SALES TAX	

The purpose of the tax levied under this chapter is to raise revenues. To that end, the scope of the tax levied shall be broadly interpreted and exemptions shall be allowed only

when the sale, rental or service clearly falls within an exemption defined in this ordinance.

Section 4.15.020 - Definitions.

Section 4.15.010 - Purpose and intent.

For the purposes of this chapter, the following words and phrases shall have the meanings respectively ascribed to them by this section:

Bulk transfer. The transfer of taxable fuel by pipeline or vessel.

Buyer: Includes, without limiting the scope thereof, every consumer.

City: The City of Gustavus, Alaska, or the area within the territorial limits of the City of Gustavus, Alaska.

City council: The Gustavus City Council or the Gustavus City Council's designees.

Commerce: The exchange or interchange of goods or services for money or trade.

Confession of Judgment: This is the entry of a judgment upon the written admission or confession of a debtor and is a way to avoid a lengthy legal process to resolve a dispute. By signing a confession of judgment, the defendant forfeits any rights he/she has to dispute the claim in the future.

Include and including: "By way of illustration only" and shall not be interpreted as a limitation except where expressly so provided.

May: Permissive.

Mayor: The city mayor or his/her authorized designee.

Must and shall: Each is mandatory.

Person: An individual natural person, Limited Liability Corporation (LLC), corporations, joint ventures, or any organization or business within the state statutory definition of "person."

Residential fuel. Fuel purchased for the purpose of heating a residence.

Retail sale: Any sale of real or tangible personal property including barter, credit,

installment, and conditional sales for any purpose other than resale in the regular course of business. The delivery of goods in the city by a seller whose principal place of business is outside the city to a buyer or consumer is a retail sale made within the city if such retailer maintains any office, distribution, or sales house, warehouse or any other place of business, or solicits business or received orders through any agent, salesman, or other type of representation within the city.

Rent: Any rental other than that which would be taxable under Chapter 4.14.

Sale for resale: The sale of tangible personal property to a buyer whose principal business is the resale of the property whether in the same or altered form.

Seller: Every person, firm, corporation or other legal entity making retail sales to a buyer or consumer, renting property or performing services for consideration whether acting as principal or using the services of an agent or broker.

Selling price and price: The gross amount of a transaction between a buyer and a seller.

Services: All services of every manner and description that are performed or furnished for consideration whether in conjunction with the sale of goods or not but does not include services rendered by an employee to an employer. All retail services by a seller within the city to be provided or performed in whole or in part within the city or utilize city infrastructure regardless of the buyer's place of residence, or buyer's physical location upon acceptance of the offer, or exchange of consideration.

State: State of Alaska.

Taxable fuel: Means gasoline and diesel fuel, not including residential fuel.

Section 4.15.030 - Imposition of sales tax.

- a) There shall be levied and collected a tax equal to three (3) percent of the selling price on retail sales, rentals made, and services performed within the city.
- b) There shall be no sales tax on any sale subject to the room tax in Section 4.14.030.

- c) The taxability of a sale of goods is determined by the delivery of the tangible personal property. The taxability of a rental made is determined by the place where the service is performed, or rental property is located except as provided below. The sale of a service is subject to the sales tax if the service is performed within the city.
 - 1) Where a buyer receives a service within the corporate limits of the City of Gustavus, and the service begins, or is conducted in any part, or ends therein, or where the buyer receives an entire service therein the sale is subject to the City of Gustavus Sales Tax.
 - 2) A person who furnishes proof, in the form required by the city administrator or city treasurer, that she/he has paid the tax in some jurisdiction other than the city, on the sale of a service, is required to pay the city's sales tax to the extent [of the difference] of the amount of sales tax paid elsewhere and the amount of tax levied by the city. This paragraph applies to a sales tax in any taxing jurisdiction, whether inside or outside the state.
- d) Every seller making sales, rentals or performing services subject to taxation under this chapter shall collect taxes imposed by this chapter from the buyer at the time of collection and shall transmit the same to the city as outlined in Section 4.15.070.

Section 4.15.040 - Exemptions.

The tax levied under this chapter shall not apply to the following:

- a) Casual and isolated sales not made in the regular course of business; made by a person not regularly engaged in the business of selling the type of tangible personal property involved. These sales are neither routine nor continuous. Included in this exemption are:
 - i. Yard or garage sales
 - ii. Flea markets or craft fairs
 - iii. Homemade baked goods
 - iv. Lemonade or another nonalcoholic beverage stands
 - v. Homemade ice cream stands
 - vi. Locally produced eggs
 - vii. Other, on a case-by-case basis, as approved by vote of the council
- b) Sales of donated items for school (preschool through high school) sponsored fundraising events
- c) Fundraising directly associated with medical, adoption, or funeral expenses
- d) Sales, services, rentals, and transactions which the municipality is prohibited from taxing under the Constitution and laws of the United States or the state;
- e) Sales of goods and associated shipping and handling charges where the resulting goods are ordered from and delivered outside the city. Delivery outside the city must be verified by postal documents or shipping documents;
- f) Sales of medical, dental, nursing services, and of counseling services by clinical psychologists licensed by the state, alcohol and drug counselors certified by the state, and social workers who have a minimum of a masters degree in social work (MSW) and other allied health practitioners licensed by the state;
- g) Sales and resale of hearing aides, crutches, prescriptions, wheelchairs, and personal property specifically manufactured for a patient;

- h) Membership dues, assessments, initiation fees, and donations paid to non-profit organizations that have obtained a 501(c) exemption certificate from the Internal Revenue Service:
- i) Sales, services, and rentals to a buyer, or made by a seller, organized and administered solely by an organization that has obtained a 501(c)(4) (3) exemption ruling from the Internal Revenue Service and an exemption certificate from the finance director, provided, this exemption applies to sellers only if the income from the sale is exempt from federal income taxation;
- j) Sales, services, and rentals to or by a foreign government, the United States government, the state and its political subdivisions and municipalities. The exemption does not apply to rentals or to the sale of materials, supplies, and services to contractors for the manufacture or production of property or services for government agencies on a contract;
- Sales of food and beverages in public and private school cafeterias, which are operated primarily for teachers or students and which are not operated for profit;
- 1) Child day care, pre-elementary school, and babysitting services;
- m) Sales tax paid on leases under a lease/purchase agreement may be credited toward the payment of the tax due on the exercise of the purchase option in the same proportion as the lease payments are applied to the purchase price, provided there will be no refund of taxes paid on the lease;
- n) That part of the selling price of travel and adventure services, rentals, and goods, excluding lodging, sold outside but delivered within the city which is not remitted to the provider of the service and which represents a selling cost or commission or similar charge;
- Sales of services or goods for resale—goods or a service is sold for resale when the service is directly integrated into services or goods sold by the buyer to another purchaser in the normal course of business, and the service is purchased separately for each resale, and the service is identified, charged for, and billed separately from any other service;
- Sales of transportation and handling services for goods brought to the city or delivered outside the city rendered by sellers primarily engaged in furnishing such services, where the goods are either transported from, or delivered to, a point outside the city provided that the retail seller of goods may not exclude transportation or handling charges from the selling price of the goods;
- q) Sales for resale of tangible personal property, as defined in <u>Section 4.15.020</u>, to a buyer who holds a valid resale certificate issued by the city.
- r) Commissions charged by an agent on the sale of a service that is subject to the sales tax provided that the commission may be deducted from the selling price of the service on which the sales tax is levied.

Section 4.15.050 - Regulations and procedures.

a) A mayor or a city official designated by the council shall administer this ordinance and make recommendations for regulations, policies, fees, and guidelines for the determination of the taxability of transactions. The city council shall adopt policy guidelines, regulations, fees, and procedures for the management of this ordinance by resolution. Sellers claiming an exemption may be required to obtain and may rule a ruling on specific transactions upon request. The written ruling on a specific sale may be relied upon by the parties to the sale unless essential facts were not provided

- to the person making the ruling or the ruling is clearly contrary to provisions of this ordinance.
- b) The burden of proving an exemption shall be on the seller. Sellers claiming an exemption may be required to obtain an exemption certificate. Certificates issued under this ordinance shall expire as determined by guidelines established by the city council.
- c) The city council, or the city elerk administrator or city treasurer when so authorized by the city council, shall take all steps necessary and appropriate to fulfill the requirements of this ordinance, which includes the authority to compromise and abate penalties and interest, and to negotiate and enter into payment plans for delinquent taxes, penalties, and interest.

Section 4.15.060 - Seller to add tax to selling price.

Every seller shall add the amount of the tax levied by this chapter to the total selling price and the tax shall be stated separately on any sales receipts, slips, rent receipts, charge tickets, invoices, statements of account, or other tangible evidence of sale.

Section 4.15.070 - Monthly Tax returns—Penalties and interest for delinquency.

- a) Every person making sales, rentals, or performing services within the city shall on-or before the last day of the month complete a signed return for the required filing period and deliver or mail the return to the city elerk administrator or city treasurer. The return shall set forth the total amount of all sales, rentals or services regardless of whether such sales, rentals or services are taxable or nontaxable, the amount of sales tax due and such other information as the city may require. Returns are due by the end of the month following the reporting period. If the last day of the month is a Saturday, Sunday, or federal, state or city holiday, the due date will be extended until the next business day, immediately following the end of each filing period.
- b) Returns shall be filed for each calendar month, unless the operator is allowed or directed by the city elerk administrator or city treasurer to file for a different time period (i.e. quarterly or annually).
- c) An operator, other than a governmental agency, making only exempt sales may be allowed, upon written request to the city elerk administrator or city treasurer, to file returns for periods which vary from the each calendar month and which cover time periods up to one (1) year.
- d) The tax levied under this ordinance, whether or not collected from the buyer, except for credit transactions covered in subsection (e) of this section, must be remitted by the seller to the city at the time of transmitting the return, and if not so remitted or if the return is not timely filed, such tax is delinquent. The postmark shall determine the date of filing mailed returns. In addition, a late payment penalty of five (5) percent per month or any fraction thereof, not to exceed a total accrual of twenty-five (25) percent, shall be added to all returns until such tax, penalty, and interest thereon have been paid. Such penalty shall be assessed and collected in the same manner as the tax is assessed and collected. In addition to these penalties, interest at the rate of fifteen (15) percent per year on the delinquent tax is collected [accruing monthly at 1.25 percent).
- e) The seller shall report sales tax to the city for sales tax previously paid by the seller on any sale, service or rental made on credit to the extent the seller declares such debt to be uncollectible and a bad debt. Such bad debt credit must be claimed on a

- filed monthly sales tax report within two (2) years from the date of sale in which the bad debt arose.
- f) There may be published, from time to time, the names of sellers delinquent in remitting sales taxes and the amount thereof, provided that the names of sellers who have signed a confession of judgment for the delinquent sales taxes, penalties, and interest, and a stipulation to postpone such stipulation as of the date on which the names are submitted to the publisher, will not be published. Information may also be made available to the public in the form of statistical reports and financial statements if the identity of particular sellers is not revealed by the reports. The following information shall be made available to the public:
 - 5) The name and address of sellers;
 - 6) If a seller is registered to collect sales tax in the city;
 - 7) If a seller is current in filing sales tax returns and in remitting sales tax;
 - 8) The number of returns not filed.
- g) Information shall be confidential. Except as otherwise provided herein, all returns, reports, and information required to be filed with the city under this ordinance and all information deductible from such filed returns, reports, and information shall be kept confidential and are not subject to public inspection. Except upon court order, such returns, reports, and information shall be made available only to the city elerk administrator or city treasurer, or mayor and employees of the city whose job responsibilities are directly related to such returns, reports, and information or to the person authorized in writing by the person supplying such returns, reports and information.

Section 4.15.080 - Seller's compensatory collection discount.

All sellers and operators rendering sales tax returns to the city shall be allowed to compensate themselves for costs incurred in the collection, record keeping, remittance, and accounting for the tax imposed by taking two (2) percent of the tax due as a tax collection discount to reduce the tax to be remitted on any timely filed and fully paid return. The deduction may not exceed one hundred dollars (\$100.00) for any reporting period and may not be taken if any sales tax, penalty, or interest is due for any previous reporting period.

Section 4.15.090 - Assessment limitation periods—Record keeping.

- a) The amount of any tax imposed under this ordinance may be determined and assessed for a period of three (3) years after the date the return was filed with the city. No suit for the collection of such tax may be commenced after the expiration of the three-year period except for taxes, penalty, and interest due for such months as are the subject of a written demand or assessment made under <u>Section 4.15.070</u> of this chapter within such three-year period, unless the seller waives the protection of this section.
- b) In order to facilitate the administration and enforcement of the provisions of this ordinance, each seller or operator otherwise engaged in applicable business within the city shall maintain and keep for a period of three (3) years all of the monthly sales tax reports, forms, and supporting records and other records prescribed by the city. The failure to maintain adequate records to allow documentation of the taxability of each transaction will result in the loss of any tax exemption, deduction,

or credit for that particular transaction. Upon the request of the city elerk administrator or city treasurer, a seller shall make available for examination in the city hall the books, records, and other documentation of the seller unless said official authorizes examination to be conducted at a different location.

Section 4.15.100 - Delinquency—Failure to submit return or to remit taxes—Assessments.

- a) Whenever the city elerk-administrator or city treasurer reasonably believes a return contains inaccurate reporting or whenever any seller has become delinquent in the submission of the required monthly return or in remitting sales taxes, there shall be mailed to the delinquent seller's last known address a written demand by certified mail, return receipt, requesting the submission of the corrected or required sales tax return and remittance within ten (10) days. In the event of non-compliance with such demand, the city elerk administrator or city treasurer makes a sales tax assessment against the taxable revenue received by the seller during the monthly period in question. A copy of the assessment shall be sent to the seller at his-its last known address by certified mail, return receipt, which time the seller shall make available for examination the books, papers, records, and other requested documents at the city hall unless the city elerk administrator or city treasurer authorizes the examination be conducted at a different location. The seller shall have a right to a hearing before the city elerk administrator or city treasurer with documents pertaining to the revenue of the period involved in the assessment. The seller may exercise his right to a hearing by delivering to the city clerk within fifteen (15) days of the date the notice was mailed, a written request for a hearing. The city clerk shall establish a date and time for a hearing to be held within ten (10) days of receipt of the request, unless a later time is mutually agreeable. The person conducting the hearing shall issue an amended assessment if it is determined an amendment should be made. The amended assessment, or the original assessment, if no amendment is made within five (5) days of the hearing, shall be the final assessment for the purpose of determining the seller's liability to the city. If no timely request for a hearing is made, the original assessment shall be the final assessment thirty (30) days after the mailing of the notice of the original assessment unless the seller has submitted an accurate return within the thirty (30) days.
- b) The city may file a civil action for collection of any taxes, penalty, or interest due before or after making a demand or assessment under subsection (a) of this section.

Section 4.15.110 - Protest of tax.

- a) A buyer who protests the payment of the tax levied under this ordinance shall pay the tax and shall provide the seller and the city elerk-administrator or city treasurer with a written statement of protest within five (5) working days of the sale that identifies the sale, rental, or service that is the subject of the tax protested, the amount of tax paid, the buyer's and seller's name, mailing address, telephone number, and the basis for the protest.
- b) If the seller protests his <u>its</u> liability on an assessment under <u>Section 4.15.100</u>, which has become final, he/she shall pay the tax under written protest setting forth the basis for the protest. No action for a refund may be maintained nor may a defense to non-payment be maintained in a civil action unless the amount in dispute has been paid by the seller under written protest filed at or before the time of payment.

Section 4.15.120 - Appeals.

a) Informal appeal:

1) For controversies involving sales taxes, penalties, and interest not exceeding five hundred dollars (\$500.00), or involving procedures implemented by the city elerk administrator or city treasurer, an appeal by a financially aggrieved buyer or seller shall be directed to the mayor. The mayor shall advise the appellant of a date certain for a hearing and shall informally review the appeal claim, make written findings, and state reasons for the decision. The decisions shall be maintained and indexed by the city clerk for review by the public. The appellant may appeal the decision of the mayor to the board of appeals within fifteen (15) days after receipt of the written decision of the mayor, and failure of the appellant to so appeal shall be deemed to be a waiver of any right to appeal such decision.

b) Board of appeals:

- 3) In order to provide an appeal mechanism for controversies involving sales taxes, penalties, and interest exceeding five hundred dollars (\$500.00), and in order to hear appeals from decisions of the mayor as provided under subsection (b)(1) of this section, there is established a board of appeals which shall consist of the city council.
- 2) The city council shall adopt policy and procedure for the board of appeals provided for in subsection (b)(1) of this section. Such rules may not be inconsistent with this ordinance.

Section 4.15.130 - Forgiveness of uncollected taxes, penalties, and interest.

The city council, or the city elerk-administrator or city treasurer when so authorized by the city council, may forgive the payment of uncollected sales taxes, interest, and penalty thereon and penalties for failure to file.

Section 4.15.140 - Criminal Civil liability.

All sellers violating any of the provisions of this ordinance or failing or refusing to comply with a lawful request or demand of a city official authorized by or made under this ordinance is guilty of a class A misdemeanor will be subject to the penalty stated in the City of Gustavus ordinances.

Section 4.15.150 - Registration.

All sellers shall register with the city elerk <u>administrator or city treasurer</u> before making retail sales, rendering services or making rentals within the city.

Section 4.15.160 - Deposit-by non-residents. Reserved.

(a) A seller that is about to make sales, rentals or perform services shall first register with the city clerk, upon evidence of an Alaska Business License held by said seller. Seller shall make the deposit required by this section unless the seller has been a resident of the city for six (6) months prior to registering or the seller's corporation or association is composed of such residents or has been regularly engaged in business within the city for nine (9) of the twelve (12) months preceding registration.

(b) The deposit required under subsection (a) will be two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00).

(c)The deposit must be refunded upon written request and a determination by the city clerk that:

(1)The seller has filed sales tax returns and made full remittance of sales taxes owing for the first calendar year of business in the city;

(2)That the seller has filed a statement that he/she has ceased engaging in transactions within the city and has remitted all sales taxes due.

(3)The deposit must be refunded within thirty (30) days of the receipt of the request unless the city clerk has initiated an audit of the seller or has otherwise questioned a return made during the period under consideration.

(d)The city clerk may order the withdrawal from the deposit of the seller the amount determined to make up for any deficiency or late payment of taxes. No seller may engage in transactions within the city fifteen (15) days from the date of written notice sent to the seller's last known address by certified mail, return request, notifying said seller that the city clerk has withdrawn all or a portion of the seller's deposit for application to a delinquent or insufficient payment of sales taxes. Upon deposit with the city of funds restoring the deposit to its original amount or such higher amount as the city clerk determines is appropriate in light of the actual sales experience of the seller, the seller may again engage in transactions. A seller may not deduct the deposit from his/her last or any other sales tax return.

Section 4.15.170 - Reserved.

Section 4.15.180 - Sale of business—Final tax return—Liability of purchaser.

- a) If any seller sells, assigns, transfers, conveys, leases, forfeits, or abandons the business to another person, the seller shall make a final sales tax return within fifteen (15) days after the date of selling, assigning, transferring, conveying, leasing, forfeiting, or abandoning the business showing that all tax obligations imposed by this ordinance have been paid. The purchaser, successor, transferee, lessee, assignee, creditor, or secured party shall withhold a sufficient portion of the purchase money to pay the amount of such sales taxes, penalties, and interest as may be due and unpaid to the city. If the purchaser, assignee, transferee, lessee, successor, creditor, or secured party fails to withhold from the purchase money, or fails to otherwise provide for or make the payment of the taxes, interest, and penalty owed by the business as provided in this ordinance, the purchaser, assignee, transferee, lessee, successor, creditor, or secured party shall be personally liable for the payment of the taxes, penalties, and interest accruing and unpaid to the city on account of operation of business of any former owner, owners, operators, or assigns.
- b) Before the sale, lease, assignment, transfer, or other disposition of the business is completed, the seller shall file with the city elerk-administrator or city treasurer an informational notice identifying the name and address of each operator or entity involved in the transaction, the nature of the transaction, and the effective date of the transactions.

Section 4.15.190 - Suits for collection.

Taxes due but not paid or taxes collected but not transmitted may be recovered in an action at law against the buyer or seller. Tax returns shall be prima facie proof of taxes collected but not transmitted.

Section 4.15.200 - Lien for tax, interest, and penalty.

- a) The tax, interest, and penalty imposed under this ordinance in addition to the lien filing fee under subsection (b) of this section shall constitute a lien in favor of the city upon the assets, including all real and personal property, of every seller making taxable sales within the city. The lien arises upon delinquency and continues until liability for the amount is satisfied or the property of the delinquent seller is sold at foreclosure sales. The lien is not valid as against a prior mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice of the lien is filed in the office of the recorder for the Juneau recording district in the manner provided for federal tax liens in AS 43.10.090 through 43.10.150.
- b) Fees for filing and releasing of liens shall be:
 - 1) Filing of liens, twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) plus recorder's office filing fee;
 - 2) Release of liens, twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) plus recorder's office filing fee;
 - 3) The above rates may be changed in guidelines adopted by the city council by resolution from time to time to reflect the costs of providing municipal services generally.

Section 4.15.210 - Collected taxes.

Taxes collected under this ordinance by a seller shall belong to the City of Gustavus and shall be held by the seller in trust for the City of Gustavus until paid over as provided in this ordinance.

Section 4.15.220 - Use of proceeds.

Proceeds of this tax shall be used for the general expenses of the city, which may include the expense of any municipal service.

Date Introduced: March 9, 2020
Date of Public Hearing: April 13, 2020

PASSED and APPROVED by the Gustavus City Council this 13th day of April, 2020

Čalvin Casipit, Mayor

Attest: Karen Platt CMC, City Clerk